

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Revision Date: 08/28/2018

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Coated Carbon and Alloy Steels

Synonyms: Common Alloy / Grade: Bar, Sheet, Plate, Tubing, Pipe, Structurals

1.2. Intended Use of the Product Solid Product, Various Forms and Uses.

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Central Steel & Wire 3000 West 51st Street Chicago, IL 60632 Tel: 773-471-3800

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : CHEMTREC (US Transportation): (800) 424-9300 CANUTEC (Canadian Transportation): (613) 996-6666

For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, call CHEMTREC - Day or Night

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US/CA Classification

 Skin Sens. 1
 H317

 Carc. 2
 H351

 Repr. 1B
 H360

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see Section 16.

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US/CA Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US/CA)





Signal Word (GHS-US/CA) : Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US/CA) : H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{H360}}$ - May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US/CA): P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P261 - Avoid breathing fume, dust.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.

P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4 on this SDS).

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national,

territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 1/26

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

2.3. Other Hazards

This product as shipped is physiologically inert in its solid form. However, user-generated dust and/or fumes may pose a physiological hazard if inhaled or ingested. Avoid inhalation of metal dusts and fumes. May cause an influenza-like illness. Avoid skin and eye contact with dusts to prevent mechanical irritation. User-generated dust is easily ignited and difficult to extinguish.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US/CA)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	% (w/w)	GHS-US classification
Iron	(CAS-No.) 7439-89-6	> 80	Comb. Dust
Aluminum	(CAS-No.) 7429-90-5	0.1 - 10.25	Comb. Dust
Nickel	(CAS-No.) 7440-02-0	0.1 - 9.7	Skin Sens. 1, H317
			Carc. 2, H351
			STOT RE 1, H372
			Comb. Dust
Carbon	(CAS-No.) 7440-44-0	0.1 - 5.5	Comb. Dust
Molybdenum	(CAS-No.) 7439-98-7	0.1 - 5	Comb. Dust
Manganese	(CAS-No.) 7439-96-5	0.1 - 4.35	Comb. Dust
Tin	(CAS-No.) 7440-31-5	0.1 - 3.4	Comb. Dust
Chromium	(CAS-No.) 7440-47-3	0.1 - 3	Comb. Dust
Copper	(CAS-No.) 7440-50-8	0.1 - 2.5	Comb. Dust
Silicon	(CAS-No.) 7440-21-3	0.1 - 2	Comb. Dust
Sulfur	(CAS-No.) 7704-34-9	0.1 - 2	Skin Irrit. 2, H315
			Aquatic Acute 3, H402
			Comb. Dust
Bismuth	(CAS-No.) 7440-69-9	0.1 - 1.5	Comb. Dust
Vanadium	(CAS-No.) 7440-62-2	0.1 - 1	Comb. Dust
Titanium	(CAS-No.) 7440-32-6	0.1 - 1	Comb. Dust
Tungsten	(CAS-No.) 7440-33-7	0.1 - 0.9	Comb. Dust
Antimony	(CAS-No.) 7440-36-0	0.1 - 0.9	Comb. Dust
Nitrogen	(CAS-No.) 7727-37-9	0.1 - 0.9	Simple Asphy,
			Press. Gas (Comp.), H280
Phosphorus elemental	(CAS-No.) 7723-14-0	0.1 - 0.9	Flam. Sol. 1, H228
			Acute Tox. 1 (Oral), H300
			Acute Tox. 2 (Dermal), H310
			Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400
			Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Magnesium	(CAS-No.) 7439-95-4	0.1 - 0.9	Comb. Dust
			Flam. Sol. 1, H228
			Self-heat. 1, H251
			Water-react. 2, H261
Boron	(CAS-No.) 7440-42-8	0.1 - 0.9	Comb. Dust
Calcium	(CAS-No.) 7440-70-2	0.1 - 0.9	Water-react. 2, H261
Selenium	(CAS-No.) 7782-49-2	0.1 - 0.9	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301
			Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H331
			STOT RE 2, H373
			Aquatic Chronic 4, H413
Niobium	(CAS-No.) 7440-03-1	0.1 - 0.9	Comb. Dust
Tellurium	(CAS-No.) 13494-80-9	0.1 - 0.5	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301
			Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332
			Skin Sens. 1B, H317

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 2/26

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

		B 4B 11260
		Repr. 1B, H360
		Aquatic Chronic 4, H413
		Comb. Dust
(CAS-No.) 7440-66-6	0.1 - 0.5	Comb. Dust
(CAS-No.) 7439-92-1	<= 0.04	Carc. 1B, H350
		Lact., H362
		Repr. 1A, H360
		STOT RE 1, H372
		Comb. Dust
Product Identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
(CAS No) 7440-66-6	<19.8	Comb. Dust
(CAS No) 7429-90-5	<3.4	Comb. Dust
(CAS No) 7439-89-6	<1.1	Comb. Dust
(CAS No) 7440-31-5	<2.5	Comb. Dust
(CAS No) 7440-47-3	<0.02	Comb. Dust
(CAS No) 7647-01-0	<3	Met. Corr. 1, H290
		Skin Corr. 1A, H314
		Eye Dam. 1, H318
		STOT SE 3, H335
		Aquatic Acute 2, H401
(CAS No) Mixture	< 0.1	Asp. Haz., H304
(CAS No) 1310-58-3	< 0.01	Met. Corr. 1, H290
		Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301
		Skin Corr. 1A, H314
		Eye Dam. 1, H318
(CAS No) 7632-00-0	< 0.01	Ox. Sol. 2, H272
		Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301
		Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
		Aquatic Acute 1, H400
(CAS No) 60-00-4	< 0.01	Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332
		Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
		Aquatic Acute 3, H402
	Product Identifier (CAS No) 7440-66-6 (CAS No) 7429-90-5 (CAS No) 7439-89-6 (CAS No) 7440-31-5 (CAS No) 7440-47-3 (CAS No) 7647-01-0 (CAS No) Mixture (CAS No) 1310-58-3 (CAS No) 7632-00-0	CAS-No.) 7439-92-1 <= 0.04

The above listing is a summary of elements used in the base metal and coatings of alloying coated steels. Various grades will contain different combinations of these elements. Other trace elements may also be present in minute amounts. These small quantities (less than 0.1%) are frequently referred to as "trace" or "residual" elements; generally they originate in the raw material used. In the base metal, such elements would include arsenic (As), beryllium (Be), boron(B), carbon(C), cobalt (Co), lead (Pb), mercury (Hg), molybdenum(Mo), oxygen (O), oil mist (mineral1), phosphorous(P), selenium (Se), sulfur(S), zirconium (Zr), and cadmium (Cd) <0.01%. In the coatings, such elements would include antimony (Sb) 0.011%max, chromium (Cr), lead (Pb) 0.004 max., and titanium (Ti).

Various byproducts of processing from these trace elements may include lead chromate, ozone, polybrominated biphenyls (PBB), and polybrominated diphenyl ether (PBDE), and these byproducts may be considered trace in the base metal. In the coatings, (amorphous) silica; anhydrous potassium hydroxide; chromium oxide; clear plate preserver; glycine, nn-1,2-ethanediylbis; kaolin; petroleum, natural or synthetic oils; polyalkylene glycol; silicon dioxide; sodium nitrite; and zinc silicate-based paint may also be considered trace. If listed in the above table, the ingredient is considered to be a component rather than trace.

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 3/26

^{*}Coated steel products as provided contain chromium metal in the zero valence state. As such, chromium metal does not present any unusual health hazard. However, welding, torch cutting, brazing, or grinding of chromium metal in coated steel may generate airborne concentrations of hexavalent chromium.

^{**}Metallic Coating may also contain trace amounts of silicon at 0.022-0.1% weight, antimony at 0.011 max% weight and lead at 0.004% max weight.

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Footnotes:

- 1. The roll may have a light coating of oil to prevent corrosion.
- 2. Tin coated steel only.
- 3. Tin Coated, Tin Free or Chromium coated steel only.

PRF-PAINT COATINGS:

(Constitutes less than 0.5% of total weight. Paint coating ranges from 0.2 to 12 mils per side. Color as customer specified)

- 1. Polyester Base Resin Coatings Dusts generated during mechanical abrasion (grinding, buffing, etc.) of the cured polyester coating would be considered nuisance particulate. Thermal decomposition products of the cured coating will yield small quantities of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and acetaldehyde at temperatures above 1000 °C (i.e. welding or thermal cutting operations). Prolonged exposure to temperatures of about 300 °C will yield mainly acetaldehyde and smaller quantities of carbon oxides (i.e. smoldering type fire).
- 2. Polyvinyl Chloride Resin Polymer (Plastisol) Dusts generated during mechanical abrasion (grinding, buffing, etc.) of the cured PVC coating would be considered nuisance particulate. Thermal decomposition products of the cured PVC coating will yield small quantities of hydrogen chloride, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and mixed hydrocarbons at temperatures of 300 to 600 °C. At temperatures above 600 °C thermal decomposition products will include small quantities of the above compounds and large quantities of smoke and/or soot.
- 3. Polyvinylidene Fluoride Resin Polymer (KynarR) Dusts generated during mechanical abrasion (grinding, buffing, etc.) of the cured coating would be considered nuisance particulate. Thermal decomposition products of the cured coating will yield small quantities of hydrogen fluoride, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and mixed hydrocarbons.
- 4. Polyurethane Resin Polymer Coatings Dusts generated during mechanical abrasion (grinding, buffing, etc.) of the cured Urethane coating would be considered nuisance particulate. Thermal decomposition products of the cured coating will yield small quantities of hydrogen cyanide, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and nitrogen oxides.
- 5. Epoxy Phenolic Resin Coatings Dusts generated during mechanical abrasion (grinding, buffing, etc.) of the cured coating would be considered nuisance particulate. Thermal decomposition products of the cured coating will yield small quantities of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, formaldehyde, aromatic hydrocarbons and aliphatic hydrocarbons.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16.

*Percentages are listed in weight by weight percentage (w/w%) for liquid and solid ingredients. Gas ingredients are listed in volume by volume percentage (v/v%).

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

General: If injury occurs or if you feel unwell seek medical advice.

Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

Skin Contact: Cool skin rapidly with cold water after contact with molten product. Removal of solidified molten material from skin requires medical assistance. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eye Contact: Immediately rinse with water for a prolonged period (at least 15 minutes) while holding the eyelids wide open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Skin sensitization. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Under normal conditions of use not expected to present a significant hazard. Under milling, or physical alteration metal dusts may be produced that cause irritation of the respiratory tract, skin, and may be harmful. Molten material may release toxic, and irritating fumes.

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 4/26

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Inhalation: During processing, the most significant route of exposure is by the inhalation (breathing) of fumes. If fumes are inhaled, they can cause a condition commonly known as metal fume fever with symptoms which resemble influenza; Symptoms may be delayed 4-12 hours and begin with a sudden onset of thirst, and a sweet, metallic or foul taste in the mouth. Other symptoms may include upper respiratory tract irritation accompanied by coughing and a dryness of the mucous membranes, lassitude and a generalized feeling of malaise. Fever, chills, muscular pain, mild to severe headache, nausea, occasional vomiting, exaggerated mental activity, profuse sweating, excessive urination, diarrhea and prostration may also occur.

Skin Contact: Dust may cause irritation in skin folds or by contact in combination with tight clothing. Contact with hot, molten metal will cause thermal burns. Removal of solidified molten material from skin requires medical assistance.

Eye Contact: Dust generated from material cutting may cause a slight irritation. Slivers may be generated, which could cause mechanical irritation or injure the eye. Dusts caused from milling and physical alteration will likely cause eye irritation. Fumes from thermal decomposition or molten material will likely be irritating to the eyes.

Ingestion: If large amounts are ingested: Gastrointestinal irritation.

Chronic Symptoms: Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Inhalation of iron oxide fumes undergoing decomposition may cause irritation and flu-like symptoms, otherwise iron oxide is not hazardous. . Aluminum: Inhalation of finely divided aluminum powder may cause pulmonary fibrosis. Nickel: May cause a form of dermatitis known as nickel itch and intestinal irritation, which may cause disorders, convulsions and asphyxia. . Inhalation of Nickel compounds has been shown in studies to provide an increased incidence of cancer of the nasal cavity, lung and possibly larynx in nickel refinery workers. Molybdenum: Chronic exposure to molybdenum compounds is suspected of causing cancer. Compounds are also known to cause irritation to the skin, eyes, and respiratory tract. Manganese: Chronic exposure can cause inflammation of the lung tissue, scarring the lungs (pulmonary fibrosis). Chronic exposure to excessive manganese levels can lead to a variety of psychiatric and motor disturbances, termed manganism. Tin: Has been shown to increase incidence of sarcoma in animal tests. Chronic exposure to tin dusts and fume may result in "stannosis", a mild form of pneumoconiosis. Chromium: Certain hexavalent chromium compounds have been demonstrated to be carcinogenic on the basis of epidemiological investigations on workers and experimental studies in animals. Increased incidences of respiratory cancer have been found in chromium (VI) workers. There is an increased incidence of lung cancer in industrial workers exposed to chromium (VI) compounds. Please refer to IARC volume 23 for a more detailed discussion. Copper: Overexposure to fumes may cause metal fume fever (chills, muscle aches, nausea, fever, dry throat, cough, weakness, lassitude); metallic or sweet taste; discoloration of skin and hair. Tissue damage of mucous membranes may follow chronic dust exposure. Silicon: Can cause chronic bronchitis and narrowing of the airways. Chronic dermal exposure to sulfur dust has been linked to headache, vertigo, irritation to the airways, breathing difficulties, coordination disturbances, accelerated pulse, hypotonia, cramps and unconsciousness. Frequent dermal contact with sulfur dusts mainly caused skin damage in the form of eczematous or ulcerous changes. Vanadium: May cause gastrointestinal discomfort, renal damage, nervous system depression and irritation of the respiratory passages. May also cause cardiac palpitations and asthma. Antimony: Exposure to antimony dusts and fume may result in irritation eyes, skin, nose, throat, mouth; cough; dizziness; headache; nausea, vomiting, diarrhea; stomach cramps; insomnia; anorexia; unable to smell properly. Zinc: Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of zinc fumes may cause "zinc shakes", an involuntary twitching of the muscles. Otherwise, zinc is non-toxic.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use halogenated extinguishing agents on small chips or fines. . Do not use water when molten material is involved, contact of hot product with water will result in a violent expansion as the water turns to steam causing explosion with massive force.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but will burn at high temperatures. Small chips, turnings, dust and fines from processing may be readily ignitable.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive. Dust generated from processing may present a dust explosion hazard.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Under fire conditions, hazardous fumes will be present.

Firefighting Instructions: Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition. Keep upwind. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 5/26

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Protection During Firefighting: Firefighters must use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion and decomposition products.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Metallic oxides. Nickel oxides. Iron oxides. If heated to the point of fume generation zinc fumes may cause metal fume fever. Otherwise, zinc is non-toxic.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe dust or fumes.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Do not allow to enter drains or water courses.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Collect scrap for recycling. If molten: contain the flow using dry sand or salt flux as a dam. Do not use shovels or hand tools to halt the flow of molten material. Allow the spill to cool before re-melting as scrap.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills. Take up mechanically (sweeping, shoveling) and collect in suitable container for disposal. Vacuum must be fitted with HEPA filter to prevent release of particulates during clean-up. Use only non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten product. Accumulation and dispersion of dust with an ignition source can cause a combustible dust explosion. Keep dust levels to a minimum and follow applicable regulations. May be a potential hazard under the following conditions:

- Small chunks, dust or fines in contact with water can generate flammable or toxic gases. These gases could present an explosion hazard in confined or poorly ventilated spaces.
- Molten metal in contact with water/moisture or certain metal oxides (e.g., rust, copper oxide). Moisture entrapped by molten metal can be explosive. Contact of molten aluminum with certain metal oxides can initiate a thermite reaction. Finely divided metals (e.g., powders or wire) may have enough surface oxide to produce thermite reactions/explosions.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid creating or spreading dust. Always wash hands after handling the product. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Ensure there is adequate ventilation. Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Always wash your hands immediately after handling this product, and once again before leaving the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke in areas where product is used.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Store in original container. Store in a dry, cool place. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible Materials: Oxidizers. Acids. Bases. Mineral acids. Corrosive substances in contact with metals may produce flammable hydrogen gas.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Solid Product, Various Forms and Uses.

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 6/26

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in Section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), or Canadian provincial governments.

governments.		
Aluminum (7429-90-5)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (dust)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (respirable)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (metal dust)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (metal-dust)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (metal-dust)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (metal-dust)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (metal-dust)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (respirable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (dust)
Nickel (7440-02-0)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Suspected as a Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.015 mg/m³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (inhalable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
Molybdenum (7439-98-7)		

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 7/26

Safety Data Sheet
According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

According to Federal Register / Vol. //, No	. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And	According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).
	Internal TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Molybdenum (as Mo), Soluble Compounds)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
		3 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Molybdenum (as Mo), Soluble Compounds)
		15 mg/m³ (Molybdenum (as Mo), Insoluble Compounds
		(Total dust)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Molybdenum (as Mo), Soluble Compounds)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	5000 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total)
		3 mg/m³ (respirable)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (respirable)
		10 mg/m³ (inhalable)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
		10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
	, ,	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
	, 5. ,	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (metal-inhalable fraction)
	- ' (0,	6 mg/m³ (metal-respirable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (metal-inhalable fraction)
	, ,	3 mg/m³ (metal-respirable fraction)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (metal-inhalable fraction)
	, <i>3,</i> ,	6 mg/m³ (metal-respirable fraction)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (metal-inhalable fraction)
	, ,	3 mg/m³ (metal-respirable fraction)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (metal-inhalable)
	, 3, ,	3 mg/m³ (metal-respirable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
	, 5 ,	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
	, ,	6 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
	, ,	3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Manganese (7439-96-5)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
	(6, /	0.1 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (fume)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (fume)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	500 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
	, ,	0.1 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
	(G, ··· ,	0.1 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
	(G, ··· ,	0.1 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.6 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³
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08/28/2018 EN (English US) 8/26

Safety Data Sheet
According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

		According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.6 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
		0.1 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (total dust and fume)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.6 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³
Tin (7440-31-5)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	100 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	4 mg/m³ (metal)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³ (metal)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	4 mg/m³ (metal)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³ (metal)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	4 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Chromium (7440-47-3)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m ³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	250 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³ (metal)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³ (metal)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³ (metal)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³ (metal)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m³
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08/28/2018 EN (English US) 9/26

Safety Data Sheet
According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

	. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulation	
Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-	ri e	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m³)	7 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	5 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m³)	7 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (ppm)	5 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	50 ppm
Alberta	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
British Columbia	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
Manitoba	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	7.5 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	5 ppm
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
Nunavut	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
Ontario	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
Québec	PLAFOND (mg/m³)	7.5 mg/m ³
Québec	PLAFOND (ppm)	5 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
Yukon	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	7 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	5 ppm
Copper (7440-50-8)	, , , ,	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m³ (fume)
	, , , , ,	1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
	, , , ,	0.1 mg/m³ (fume)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	100 mg/m³ (dust, fume and mist)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
	, ,	1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
		0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
		1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
		0.6 mg/m³ (fume)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
		1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
		0.6 mg/m³ (fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
		1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
		1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 10/26

Safety Data Sheet
According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

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Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
		1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.6 mg/m³ (fume)
		3 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
		1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
		2 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
		1 mg/m³ (dust and mist)
Silicon (7440-21-3)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total dust)
		3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
		silica-total dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	30 mppcf
		10 mg/m ³
Sulfur (7704-34-9)		
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Vanadium (7440-62-2)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
		0.1 mg/m³ (fume)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³
Tungsten (7440-33-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
British Columbia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
Ontario	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 11/26

Safety Data Sheet
According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

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Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³
Antimony (7440-36-0)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	50 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m ³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m ³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.75 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m ³
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Simple asphyxiant See Appendix F: Minimal Oxygen
		Content
Phosphorus elemental (7723	3-14-0)	
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m³ (yellow)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m³ (yellow)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (ppm)	0.02 ppm (yellow)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m³ (yellow)
Selenium (7782-49-2)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.6 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.6 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³
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08/28/2018 EN (English US) 12/26

Safety Data Sheet
According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.6 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Tellurium (13494-80-9)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	25 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.3 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.3 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.3 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
V 1		
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Yukon Lead (7439-92-1)	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Lead (7439-92-1)		5.
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age about the risk of delivering a child with a PbB (lead in
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age about the risk of delivering a child with a PbB (lead in blood level) over the current CDC reference value.)
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age about the risk of delivering a child with a PbB (lead in blood level) over the current CDC reference value.) 50 μg/m³
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age about the risk of delivering a child with a PbB (lead in blood level) over the current CDC reference value.) 50 μg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA IDLH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) US IDLH (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age about the risk of delivering a child with a PbB (lead in blood level) over the current CDC reference value.) 50 μg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³ 100 mg/m³
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) US IDLH (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age about the risk of delivering a child with a PbB (lead in blood level) over the current CDC reference value.) 50 μg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta British Columbia	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) US IDLH (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age about the risk of delivering a child with a PbB (lead in blood level) over the current CDC reference value.) 50 μg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³ 100 mg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta British Columbia Manitoba	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) US IDLH (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age about the risk of delivering a child with a PbB (lead in blood level) over the current CDC reference value.) 50 μg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) US IDLH (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age about the risk of delivering a child with a PbB (lead in blood level) over the current CDC reference value.) 50 μg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick Newfoundland & Labrador	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) US IDLH (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age about the risk of delivering a child with a PbB (lead in blood level) over the current CDC reference value.) 50 μg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick Newfoundland & Labrador Nova Scotia	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) US IDLH (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age about the risk of delivering a child with a PbB (lead in blood level) over the current CDC reference value.) 50 μg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick Newfoundland & Labrador Nova Scotia Nunavut	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) US IDLH (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age about the risk of delivering a child with a PbB (lead in blood level) over the current CDC reference value.) 50 μg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick Newfoundland & Labrador Nova Scotia Nunavut	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) US IDLH (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age about the risk of delivering a child with a PbB (lead in blood level) over the current CDC reference value.) 50 μg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick Newfoundland & Labrador Nova Scotia Nunavut Nunavut Northwest Territories	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) US IDLH (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age about the risk of delivering a child with a PbB (lead in blood level) over the current CDC reference value.) 50 μg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³ 100 mg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick Newfoundland & Labrador Nova Scotia Nunavut Nunavut Northwest Territories Northwest Territories	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) US IDLH (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age about the risk of delivering a child with a PbB (lead in blood level) over the current CDC reference value.) 50 μg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³ 0.15 mg/m³
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick Newfoundland & Labrador Nova Scotia Nunavut Nunavut Northwest Territories	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) US IDLH (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age about the risk of delivering a child with a PbB (lead in blood level) over the current CDC reference value.) 50 μg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick Newfoundland & Labrador Nova Scotia Nunavut Nunavut Northwest Territories Northwest Territories	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) US IDLH (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age about the risk of delivering a child with a PbB (lead in blood level) over the current CDC reference value.) 50 μg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³
Lead (7439-92-1) USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA ACGIH USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick Newfoundland & Labrador Nova Scotia Nunavut Nunavut Northwest Territories Northwest Territories	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) ACGIH chemical category Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) US IDLH (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans 200 μg/l Parameter: Lead - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (Note: Persons applying this BEI are encouraged to counsel female workers of child-bearing age about the risk of delivering a child with a PbB (lead in blood level) over the current CDC reference value.) 50 μg/m³ 0.05 mg/m³

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 13/26

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.15 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.45 mg/m³ (dust and fume)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.15 mg/m³ (dust and fume)
Potassium hydroxide (1310-	58-3)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
British Columbia	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Manitoba	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
New Brunswick	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Nova Scotia	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Ontario	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Prince Edward Island	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Québec	PLAFOND (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Emergency eye wash fountain capability should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. In powdered form: Avoid dust production. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Flash Point







Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Impermeable protective gloves.

Eye and Face Protection: Chemical safety goggles. Welders should wear goggles or safety glasses with sideshields that comply with ANSI Z87.1 under welding helmets and always wear goggles or other suitable eye protection when gas welding or oxygen cutting. **Skin and Body Protection:** Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: Fumes and dust: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn.

Thermal Hazard Protection: When working with hot material, use suitable thermally protective clothing.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: SolidAppearance: Gray; MetallicOdor: OdorlessOdor Threshold: Not availablepH: Not available

Evaporation Rate : Not available

Melting Point : 1538 °C (2800.4 °F)

Freezing Point : Not available

Boiling Point : Not available

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 14/26

Not available

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Auto-ignition Temperature Not available **Decomposition Temperature** Not available Flammability (solid, gas) Not available **Lower Flammable Limit** Not available **Upper Flammable Limit** Not available **Vapor Pressure** Not available Relative Vapor Density at 20°C Not available **Relative Density** Not available **Specific Gravity** ~ 7.6 - 7.8 Solubility Water: Insoluble Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water Not available Not available Viscosity

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- **10.1. Reactivity:** Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.
- 10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see Section 7).
- **10.3.** Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- **10.4. Conditions to Avoid:** Dust, chips, or ribbons can be ignited more easily, by an ignition source, by improper machining, or by spontaneous combustion if finely divided and damp.
- **10.5. Incompatible Materials:** Oxidizers. Acids. Bases. Mineral acids. Corrosive substances in contact with metals may produce flammable hydrogen gas.
- **10.6.** Hazardous Decomposition Products: None expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Oral: Not classified.
Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified
LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified
Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified **Carcinogenicity:** Suspected of causing cancer.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified. Reproductive Toxicity: May damage fertility or the unborn child. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: During processing, the most significant route of exposure is by the inhalation (breathing) of fumes. If fumes are inhaled, they can cause a condition commonly known as metal fume fever with symptoms which resemble influenza; Symptoms may be delayed 4-12 hours and begin with a sudden onset of thirst, and a sweet, metallic or foul taste in the mouth. Other symptoms may include upper respiratory tract irritation accompanied by coughing and a dryness of the mucous membranes, lassitude and a generalized feeling of malaise. Fever, chills, muscular pain, mild to severe headache, nausea, occasional vomiting, exaggerated mental activity, profuse sweating, excessive urination, diarrhea and prostration may also occur.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Dust may cause irritation in skin folds or by contact in combination with tight clothing. Contact with hot, molten metal will cause thermal burns. Removal of solidified molten material from skin requires medical assistance. Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Dust generated from material cutting may cause a slight irritation. Slivers may be generated, which could cause mechanical irritation or injure the eye. Dusts caused from milling and physical alteration will likely cause eye irritation. Fumes from thermal decomposition or molten material will likely be irritating to the eyes.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: If large amounts are ingested: Gastrointestinal irritation.

Chronic Symptoms: Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Inhalation of iron oxide fumes undergoing decomposition may cause irritation and flu-like symptoms, otherwise iron oxide is not hazardous. . Aluminum: Inhalation of finely

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 15/26

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

divided aluminum powder may cause pulmonary fibrosis. Nickel: May cause a form of dermatitis known as nickel itch and intestinal irritation, which may cause disorders, convulsions and asphyxia. Inhalation of Nickel compounds has been shown in studies to provide an increased incidence of cancer of the nasal cavity, lung and possibly larynx in nickel refinery workers. Molybdenum: Chronic exposure to molybdenum compounds is suspected of causing cancer. Compounds are also known to cause irritation to the skin, eyes, and respiratory tract. Manganese: Chronic exposure can cause inflammation of the lung tissue, scarring the lungs (pulmonary fibrosis). Chronic exposure to excessive manganese levels can lead to a variety of psychiatric and motor disturbances, termed manganism. . Tin: Has been shown to increase incidence of sarcoma in animal tests. Chronic exposure to tin dusts and fume may result in "stannosis", a mild form of pneumoconiosis. Chromium: Certain hexavalent chromium compounds have been demonstrated to be carcinogenic on the basis of epidemiological investigations on workers and experimental studies in animals. Increased incidences of respiratory cancer have been found in chromium (VI) workers. There is an increased incidence of lung cancer in industrial workers exposed to chromium (VI) compounds. Please refer to IARC volume 23 for a more detailed discussion. Copper: Overexposure to fumes may cause metal fume fever (chills, muscle aches, nausea, fever, dry throat, cough, weakness, lassitude); metallic or sweet taste; discoloration of skin and hair. Tissue damage of mucous membranes may follow chronic dust exposure. Silicon: Can cause chronic bronchitis and narrowing of the airways. Chronic dermal exposure to sulfur dust has been linked to headache, vertigo, irritation to the airways, breathing difficulties, coordination disturbances, accelerated pulse, hypotonia, cramps and unconsciousness. Frequent dermal contact with sulfur dusts mainly caused skin damage in the form of eczematous or ulcerous changes. Vanadium: May cause gastrointestinal discomfort, renal damage, nervous system depression and irritation of the respiratory passages. May also cause cardiac palpitations and asthma. Antimony: Exposure to antimony dusts and fume may result in irritation eyes, skin, nose, throat, mouth; cough; dizziness; headache; nausea, vomiting, diarrhea; stomach cramps; insomnia; anorexia; unable to smell properly. Zinc: Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of zinc fumes may cause "zinc shakes", an involuntary twitching of the muscles. Otherwise, zinc is non-toxic.

11.2. Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:		
Iron (7439-89-6)		
LD50 Oral Rat	98.6 g/kg	
Nickel (7440-02-0)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 9000 mg/kg	
Carbon (7440-44-0)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 10000 mg/kg	
Molybdenum (7439-98-7)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 3.92 mg/l/4h	
Manganese (7439-96-5)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 5.14 mg/l/4h	
Chromium (7440-47-3)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 5.41 mg/l/4h	
Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-0)		
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 5010 mg/kg	
Silicon (7440-21-3)		
LD50 Oral Rat	3160 mg/kg	
Sulfur (7704-34-9)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 3000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 9.23 mg/l/4h	
Bismuth (7440-69-9)		
LD50 Oral Rat	5 g/kg	
Antimony (7440-36-0)		
LD50 Oral Rat	7 g/kg	

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 16/26

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Boron (7440-42-8)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
Niobium (7440-03-1)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 10 g/kg	
Phosphorus elemental (7723-14-0)	1 01.00	
LD50 Oral Rat	3030 μg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rat	100 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	4.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)	
Selenium (7782-49-2)	The magnificant annual 2 mg	
LD50 Oral Rat	6700 mg/kg	
ATE US/CA (oral)	100.00 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US/CA (dust, mist)	0.50 mg/l/4h	
Tellurium (13494-80-9)		
LD50 Oral Rat	83 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 2420 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	2.42 mg/l/4h	
Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)		
LD50 Oral Rat	284 mg/kg	
Sodium nitrite (7632-00-0)		
LD50 Oral Rat	85 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	5.5 mg/l/4h	
Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (60-00-4)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
ATE US/CA (gas)	4,500.00 ppmV/4h	
ATE US/CA (vapors)	11.00 mg/l/4h	
ATE US/CA (dust, mist)	1.50 mg/l/4h	
Nickel (7440-02-0)		
IARC Group	2B	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen.	
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.	
Chromium (7440-47-3)		
IARC Group	3	
Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-0)		
IARC Group	3	
Selenium (7782-49-2)		
IARC Group	3	
Lead (7439-92-1)		
IARC Group	2A	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen.	
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. **Toxicity**

Ecology - General: This product contains components that are environmentally hazardous and small chips and dust from processing may be toxic to aquatic life.

Nickel (7440-02-0)	
LC50 Fish 1	100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 Fish 2	15.3 mg/l
EC50 Daphnia 2	1 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 17/26

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Manganese (7439-96-5)			
NOEC Chronic Fish	3.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96h; Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-0)			
LC50 Fish 1	7.45 mg/l (Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss - Exposure time: 96h)		
Sulfur (7704-34-9)			
LC50 Fish 1	866 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])		
EC50 Daphnia 1	736 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)		
LC50 Fish 2	14 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])		
Phosphorus elemental (7723-14-0)			
LC50 Fish 1	33.2 mg/l Red Phosphorous (Exposure time: 96 h - Species Danio rerio [static])		
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.03 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)		
LC50 Fish 2	0.001 - 0.004 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])		
EC50 Daphnia 2	0.025 - 0.037 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])		
Sodium nitrite (7632-00-0)			
LC50 Fish 1	0.19 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])		
LC50 Fish 2	0.092 - 0.13 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])		
Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (60-00-	Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (60-00-4)		
LC50 Fish 1	34 - 62 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])		
EC50 Daphnia 1	113 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])		
LC50 Fish 2	44.2 - 76.5 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])		
NOEC Chronic Fish	>= 25.7 mg/l (Duration: 35 d - Species: Brachydanio rerio [Flow-through])		
NOEC Chronic Crustacea	25 mg/l (Duration: 21 d - Species: Daphnia magna [Semi-static])		

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

Coated Carbon and Alloy Steels	
Persistence and Degradability	Not readily biodegradable.
Copper (7440-50-8)	
Persistence and Degradability	Not readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Phosphorus elemental (7723-14-0)	
BCF Fish 1	< 200
Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)	
Log Pow	0.65
Sodium nitrite (7632-00-0)	
Log Pow	-3.7 (at 25 °C)

12.4. Mobility in Soil

Not available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid unnecessary release into the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

Additional Information: Recycle where possible and/or dispose of spent material such as metals and metal-bearing waste and submerged arc welding (SAW) flux/slag appropriately.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport

14.2. In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 18/26

Safety Data Sheet
According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

14.3. In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport 14.4. In Accordance with TDG Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

15.1. US Federal Regulations		
Coated Carbon and Alloy Steels		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard	
	Immediate (acute) health hazard	
Iron (7439-89-6)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control	Act) inventory	
Aluminum (7429-90-5)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control	Act) inventory	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Se	ction 313	
ARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1 % (dust or fume only)		
Nickel (7440-02-0)	•	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control	Act) inventory	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Se	·	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb (only applicable if particles are < 100 μm)	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %	
Carbon (7440-44-0)	·	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control	Act) inventory	
Molybdenum (7439-98-7)	,	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control	Act) inventory	
Manganese (7439-96-5)	,	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control	Act) inventory	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Se	•	
ARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1 %		
Tin (7440-31-5)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control	Act) inventory	
Chromium (7440-47-3)	, ,	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control	Act) inventory	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Se		
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is	
·	required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is	
	>100 μm	
ARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1 %		
Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-0)	·	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control	Act) inventory	
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302	,	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Se	ction 313	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb	
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	500 lb (gas only)	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 % (acid aerosols including mists, vapors, gas, fog, and other	
<u> </u>	airborne forms of any particle size)	
Copper (7440-50-8)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control	Act) inventory	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Se	•	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is	
	required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is	
	>100 µm	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1 %		

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 19/26

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regul	ations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).	
Silicon (7440-21-3)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Sulfur (7704-34-9)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Bismuth (7440-69-9)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Vanadium (7440-62-2)	,	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1% (except when contained in an alloy)		
Titanium (7440-32-6)	2 /8 (except when contained in an anoy)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
	, inventory	
Tungsten (7440-33-7)	\ :n.castom.	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Antimony (7440-36-0)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	•	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is	
	required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is	
CARA Castian 242 Emission Reporting	>100 µm	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %	
Calcium (7440-70-2)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	inventory	
Boron (7440-42-8)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Niobium (7440-03-1)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Phosphorus elemental (7723-14-0)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section	on 313	
CERCLA RQ	1 lb	
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	100 lb (this material is a reactive solid, the TPQ does not default to	
	10000 pounds for non-powder, non-molten, non-solution form)	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 % (yellow or white)	
Magnesium (7439-95-4)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Selenium (7782-49-2)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
Subject to reporting requirements of officed states SAKA Section		
CERCLA RQ	100 lb no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is	
	100 lb no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 µm	
	100 lb no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is	
CERCLA RQ SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting Zinc (7440-66-6)	100 lb no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 μm	
CERCLA RQ SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting Zinc (7440-66-6) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	100 lb no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 μm 1 %	
CERCLA RQ SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting Zinc (7440-66-6)	100 lb no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 μm 1 %	

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 20/26

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

According to rederal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Re	guiations And According to the Hazardous Froducts Regulation (February 11, 2013).	
	required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is	
	>100 μm	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 % (dust or fume only)	
Tellurium (13494-80-9)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Lead (7439-92-1)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control A	ct) inventory	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
CERCLA RQ	10 lb no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is	
	required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is	
	>100 μm	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %	
Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control A	ct) inventory	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb	
Sodium nitrite (7632-00-0)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control A	ct) inventory	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Sec	tion 313	
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	S - S - indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final	
	Significant New Uses Rule.	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %	
Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (60-00-4)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control A	ct) inventory	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb	
45.2 US State Perulations		

15.2. US State Regulations

Coated Carbon and Alloy Steels	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of	
	California to cause cancer.

California Proposition 65



This product can expose you to Lead, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Chemical Name (CAS No.)	Carcinogenicity	Developmental Toxicity	Female Reproductive Toxicity	Male Reproductive Toxicity
Nickel (7440-02-0)	X			
Lead (7439-92-1)	X	X	X	X

Aluminum (7429-90-5)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Nickel (7440-02-0)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Special Hazardous Substances
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Molybdenum (7439-98-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 21/26

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Manganese (7439-96-5)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Tin (7440-31-5)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Chromium (7440-47-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Special Hazardous Substances
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-0)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Copper (7440-50-8)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Silicon (7440-21-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Sulfur (7704-34-9)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Vanadium (7440-62-2)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Titanium (7440-32-6)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

Tungsten (7440-33-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Antimony (7440-36-0)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Calcium (7440-70-2)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 22/26

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Boron (7440-42-8)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Phosphorus elemental (7723-14-0)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Magnesium (7439-95-4)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Selenium (7782-49-2)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Zinc (7440-66-6)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Tellurium (13494-80-9)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Lead (7439-92-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Sodium nitrite (7632-00-0)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (60-00-4)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 23/26

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

15.3. Canadian Regulations

Iron (7439-89-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Aluminum (7429-90-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Nickel (7440-02-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Carbon (7440-44-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Molybdenum (7439-98-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Manganese (7439-96-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Tin (7440-31-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Chromium (7440-47-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Copper (7440-50-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Silicon (7440-21-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Sulfur (7704-34-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Bismuth (7440-69-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Vanadium (7440-62-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Titanium (7440-32-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Tungsten (7440-33-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Antimony (7440-36-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Calcium (7440-70-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Boron (7440-42-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Niobium (7440-03-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Phosphorus elemental (7723-14-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Magnesium (7439-95-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 24/26

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Selenium (7782-49-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Zinc (7440-66-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Tellurium (13494-80-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Lead (7439-92-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Sodium nitrite (7632-00-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (60-00-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest

Revision

: 08/28/2018

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA

Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Canada's Hazardous Products

Regulations (HPR) SOR/2015-17.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 1 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 1
Acute Tox. 2 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 2
Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 3
(Inhalation:dust,mist)	
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 4	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Sol. 1	Flammable solids Category 1
Lact	Reproductive toxicity (Lact.)
Met. Corr. 1	Corrosive to metals Category 1
Ox. Sol. 2	Oxidizing solids Category 2
Press. Gas (Comp.)	Gases under pressure Compressed gas
Repr. 1A	Reproductive toxicity Category 1A
Repr. 1B	Reproductive toxicity Category 1B
Self-heat. 1	Self-heating substances and mixtures Category 1

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 25/26

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Simple Asphy	Simple Asphyxiant
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1
Skin Sens. 1B	Skin sensitization, category 1B
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2
Water-react. 2	Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases Category 2
H228	Flammable solid
H251	Self-heating; may catch fire
H261	In contact with water releases flammable gas
H272	May intensify fire; oxidizer
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H290	May be corrosive to metals
H300	Fatal if swallowed
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H310	Fatal in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H350	May cause cancer
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H362	May cause harm to breast-fed children
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life
SIAS	May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

NA GHS SDS 2015 (Can, US)

08/28/2018 EN (English US) 26/26